FASAB Issues Requirements for Fiscal Sustainability Reporting

Mr. Tom L. Allen, chairman of the Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board (FASAB), announced the issuance of Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards (SFFAS) 36, Reporting Comprehensive Long-Term Fiscal Projections for the U.S. Government.

One of FASAB’s federal financial reporting objectives—the stewardship objective—includes enabling readers to determine whether future budgetary resources will likely be sufficient to sustain public services and to meet obligations as they come due. Mr. Allen noted that “the question of the long-term fiscal sustainability of U.S. government services may be among the most important questions of our time. The Board believes that fully meeting the stewardship objective requires non-traditional approaches to complement and enrich the information from the federal government’s balance sheets and operating statements. The objective of the required reporting is not only to provide information that is useful and necessary in assessing fiscal sustainability but also to effectively communicate the information in a way that is meaningful and understandable to readers. The required reporting will include information about projected trends in the federal budget deficit or surplus and the federal debt and how these amounts relate to the national economy. Most importantly, if an excess of projected spending over projected receipts is indicated by the projections, the required reporting will explain and illustrate the likely impact of delaying action - for example, the progressive increase in the change that would be needed by (1) reducing spending, or (2) increasing receipts.“

SFFAS 36 is posted on the FASAB website at: http://www.fasab.gov/codifica.html. A hard copy is available upon request by calling the FASAB office at 202-512-7350.

Acknowledgment

In developing SFFAS 36, the Board received input from a Fiscal Sustainability Reporting Task Force comprising experts in numerous fields including economic projections, federal budgeting, and communication. The views expressed in SFFAS 36 represent the views of the FASAB members and should not be attributed to the Task Force participants or to their organizations.

The FASAB acknowledges with gratitude the invaluable expertise and support of the Task Force participants.
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ABOUT FASAB

Accounting and financial reporting standards are essential for public accountability and for an efficient and effective functioning of our democratic system of government. Thus, federal accounting standards and financial reporting play a major role in fulfilling the government's duty to be publicly accountable and can be used to assess (1) the government's accountability and its efficiency and effectiveness, and (2) the economic, political, and social consequences of the allocation and various uses of federal resources. The FASAB issues federal accounting standards after following a due process consistent with the Memorandum of Understanding under which it operates. Due process includes consideration of the financial and budgetary information needs of citizens, congressional oversight groups, executive agencies, and the needs of other users of federal financial information.

For more information on FASAB, please visit our website: www.fasab.gov.